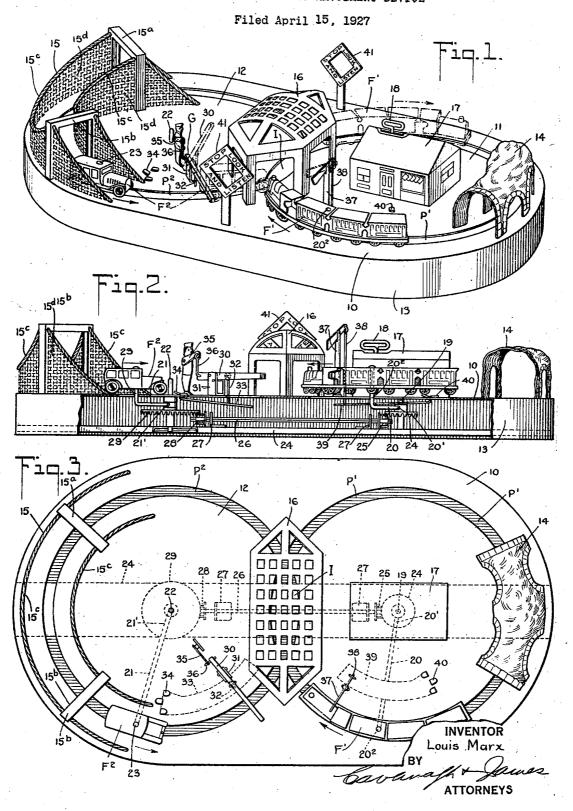
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TRAFFIC SIMULATING AMUSEMENT DEVICE



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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TRAFFIC-SIMULATING AMUSEMENT DEVICE.

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This invention relates to an amusement device or toy and more particularly to a mechanically operated amusement device or toy; and has special reference to the provi-5 sion of an amusement device designed and constructed to simulate traffic movements.

The prime object of my present invention centers about the provision of a mechanically operated amusement device in which a polyrality of figures such as simulated vericles. hicles or the like are operated in intersecting paths in a predetermined or defined manner in simulation of movement of traffic at a part broken away.

intersections.

More specifically the prime objects of the present invention comprehend the provision of a traffic simulating toy wherein a plurality of figures movable in intersecting paths or tracks are operated to produce a non-inter-20 fering or non-colliding movement of said figures past the intersecting area of said paths; the further provision of a traffic simulating toy in which one of the figures which is made to simulate a train of cars is mov-25 able in its path or track continuously while another of said figures which may be made to simulate a motor vehicle figure is movable in a separate path continuously, and the two figures are caused to move past an intersect-30 ing region without collision; the still further provision of a traffic controlled toy of this character in which a common motor means is employed for operating the movable figures through the intersecting paths; and the still further provision of an amusement device of this character in which one of the figures such as a simulated motor vehicle may be caused to move into the intersection safely after the train of cars passes said intersec-tion, or may be caused to move into said intersection in a position immediately preceding the movement of the simulated train of

Correlated and other important objects of the invention reside in the production of a toy or amusement device in which the foregoing operations or actions are accomplished

use of the toy by the child.

and such other objects as will hereinafter ap- 10 to provide the annular channels which pear, my invention consists in the elements define the paths or tracks P' and P² and the

and their relation one to the other as hereinafter more particularly described and sought to be defined in the claims; reference being had to the accompanying drawings 60 which show the preferred embodiment of my invention, and in which:

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of the toy embodying the principles of my present inven-

Fig. 2 is a side elevational view thereof with parts broken away, and

Fig. 3 is a top plan view of the toy with

Referring now more in detail to the draw- 70 ings, I show one of the preferred ways in which the principles of my present invention are carried out in practice by means of comparatively simple and inexpensive mechanism. In this preferred form of the inven- 75 tion I provide a plurality of movable figures generally designated as F' and F2 movable in the directions indicated by the arrows in the figures in defined or predetermined endless paths such as the two annular paths or 80 tracks P' and P², which paths or tracks cross or intersect in a region generally designated as I. In accordance with the present invention the figures F' and F² are operated or propelled cyclically in their paths or orbits 85 P' and P2 respectively and through the intersecting region I in a manner to simulate the non-interfering or non-colliding move-ment between such figures. Thus where it is desired to imitate the movement of traffic at 90 a railway crossing the figure F' is made to represent a locomotive and a train of cars and the figure F² is made to represent a motor vehicle; and these figures are operated in their paths or tracks so that the figures 95 F' and F² move through the intersecting region I in succession without interference.

For supporting the parts of the toy and cars into said intersection, to the stimulating for defining the predetermined and preferamusement of the child.

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ably annular paths or tracks P' and P² I 100 preferably provide a support which comprises a platform having an outer section 10 and spaced inner sections 11 and 12 supported on the outer section 10 in a manner by means of comparatively simple mecha- to be described presently, the said outer sec- 105 50 nism which may be manufactured and sold tion being elevatingly supported by a surat a low figure and in which the parts are rounding skirt portion 13, said sections deinterrelated in a manner to permit durable fining a casing for the operating parts of the toy. The platform disc sections 11 and 12 To the accomplishment of the foregoing are spaced from the outer platform section 110 1,660,716

cut or contoured at their tangential meeting areas to provide the intersecting area I of such paths. These platform disc sec-5 tions 11 and 12 are supported on the outer platform section 10 by means of bridge or arch devices which are provided both for useful and ornamental purposes, such de-vices comprising a tunnel-shaped structure 10 14 supporting one side of the disc 11 on one end of the platform section 10, a suspension bridge structure 15 supporting one end of the disc 12 on the other end of the platform section 10 and an intermediate archway 15 structure 16 which is attached to and connects adjacent disc sections 11 and 12 of the platform and which supports the same at a center or intermediate portion of the outer platform section 10, as is clearly shown in 20 Figs. 1 to 3 of the drawings.

All of the parts are preferably made of metal cut or fashioned to the desired configuration and embellished to produce an accuate simulation of the structures imitated; 25 and said structures are connected to the platform sections in any preferred or approved manner such for example as by brazing the parts together at the joints or by interlocking the parts in a manner well known to the art. The tunnel structure 14 is made preferably of sheet metal, the archway structure is also made of sheet metal suitably reticulated as shown, while the extension bridge structure is made by connecting the sheet 35 metal posts 15a and 15b by means of braided wire 15°, 15°, connected to the platform sections by mesh screen 15°. The movable figures F' and F² are also preferably fashioned out of sheet metal as is well known to those

40 skilled in the art. The Figures F' and F² are moved in their paths P' and P² respectively by means of motor mechanism; and in the preferred construction a common motor means is em-45 ployed for operating both of these figures, such motor means comprising any conventional or well known spring motor housed in a motor casing 17 preferably supported by the disc platform section 11, the said motor 50 means (not shown) being wound by the usual winding key 18 and being connected to a driven shaft 19 which projects through the platform disc section 11 extending below the same for connection to the operated parts of 55 the toy.

For operating the simulated train F' in the direction indicated by the arrows I provide a means connecting the figure F' with the driven shaft 19, such means preferably 60 comprising a connecting rod 20, one end 20' of which is fixedly connected to the driven shaft 19 and the other end of which comprises an upwardly bent portion 202 extending upwardly through the annular channel

said disc platform sections 11 and 12 are the same in slightly spaced relation to the platform sections as illustrated most clearly in Fig. 2 of the drawings, so that rotation of the motor shaft 19 will rotate the radial connecting rod 20 and will move the train figure 70

F' cyclically in its path P'.

Similar means is provided for operating the simulated motor vehicle F², such means comprising a radial connecting arm or rod 21, one end 21' of which is fixed to a spindle 75 shaft 22 and the other end of which is provided with an upturned portion 23 extending through the channel P² and fixedly attached to the vehicle figure F2 so as to move the same cyclically in the path P2 slightly 80 spaced above the platform sections. The spindle shaft 22, and also the motor shaft 19, are supported at spaced points in the platform sections 11 and 12 and in a cross brace 24.

Preferably, as aforestated, both of the movable figures F' and F² are operated by a common motor means, although it will be un-derstood that in the broader aspects of the invention independent motor mechanism for 90 the plurality of figures may be provided.

The common motor mechanism is so constructed and the parts of the device so interrelated that both of the toy figures are operated in their orbits and are moved through 95 the intersecting region I in a manner to interestingly depict either a safe or unsafe method of operating traffic at a railroad crossing without the figures coming into collision. To accomplish this end I provide a 100 gearing mechanism interconnecting the motor shaft 19 with the spindle 22, said gearing mechanism being arranged beneath so as to be concealed by the platform sections of the toy, this gearing mechanism in one of 105 its most simple forms comprising a crown gear 24 fixed to the motor shaft 19 and meshing with a pinion 25 fixed to a transmission shaft 26 supported in angle pieces 27, 27, a second pinion 28 being provided on said 110 transmission shaft meshing with a second crown gear 29 fixed to the spindle 22. By means of this construction it will be seen that energization of the motor will communicate motion to the drive shaft 19 and 115 through the interconnecting gearing to the spindle 22 for operating both of the figures.

Preferably the simulated train of cars F' is given a speed of operation substantially greater than that of the simulated motor 120 vehicle 23, the ratio of gearing therebetween being about 2 to 1, as clearly shown in Figs. 2 and 3 of the drawings. The parts are so related that although the cyclical speed of movement of one of the figures is different 125 than the other, the two are caused to move through the intersecting region I without collision. This is disclosed particularly in Fig. 1 of the drawings where the relation of 130 P' and connected to the figure F' to support movement between the figures is depicted. 130

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In this Fig. 1 the train of cars F' is shown in full lines entering the intersection I and in dotted lines as leaving the same, and the motor vehicle figure F² is shown in full lines 5 at a safe distance from the intersection as the the traffic gate. train of cars is moving thereinto and is shown in dotted lines as moving into the intersection to the rear of the train figure F'. This represents a safe method of relatively moving the toy figures. In some instances a connecting element 38 projecting through 75 L prefer to illustrate an unsafe but amusing the disc 11 and engaged by an arm 39 pivmethod of passing the intersection and wherein the simulated motor vehicle moves into the intersecting region in advance of the 15 train and just barely escapes collision with the train at the exit end of the intersecting region. It will be understood that since the speed of movement of the train is faster than that of the motor vehicle, the train 20 will be seen to gain on the motor vehicle as the latter races through the intersection and the parts are so arranged as to permit the vehicle to just barely escape collision, thus providing amusing entertainment. The dif-25 ferent relative arrangements may be pro-vided by simply changing the position of the crown gear 29 with respect to the pinion 28, which may be done by springing these elements apart and shifting one with respect 30 to the other.

It will be also understood that in accordance with the operation shown in the drawings, both figures are moved continuously in their annular paths and thus may be oper-35 ated by means of simple mechanism. In this respect the present invention constitutes an improvement over that shown in my copending application for toy, Serial No. 151,927,

filed December 1, 1926.

In the preferred construction I also provide a gateway device generally designated as G associated with the figure F² so as to be normally in a lowered position and operated to an elevated position by the movement of to the figure F2. This gateway device comprises a lever 30 fulcrumed on a support 31, the said lever being provided with an operating element 32 extending downwardly through the platform disc 12 and engaged 50 by an arcuate shaped arm 33 pivoted as at 34 on the platform disc 12. The arm 33 is arranged to be engaged by the radial operating arm 21, as clearly shown in Figs. 2 and 3 of the drawings, the engagement being such that when the figure F² moves toward the intersecting region I, the pivoted arm 33 is elevated and the gate 30 moved to an ascended position. After the figure F² passes the open gate it will be understood that the gate 60 lever returns to its closed or descended position by the gravity of the parts. To simulate a manual operation of the gate lever the same is connected to a figure or manikin 35 stationarily mounted on the platform disc 12 and provided with a movable arm con-

nected by a crank 36 to the gate lever 30. Manifestly, as the gate lever is elevated the arm of the manikin will be moved by the crank 36 to simulate a manual operation of

If desired, other operated elements may be provided for enhancing the appearance of the toy such as the operating semaphore signal device 37 which is operated by means of oted as at 40 to the platform disc 11 and which arm is operated by the movement of the figure F' in a manner similar to the operation of the pivoted arm 33 by the move- 80 ment of the figure F2. Preferably also the platform support is provided with "Stop, look and listen" signs 41, 41 stationed at the

intersecting region I.

The manner of making or using the toy 85 or amusement device of my present invention and the many advantages thereof for the purpose of affording interesting and attractive amusement for the child will in the main be fully apparent from the above de- 90 tailed descripton thereof. It will be further apparent that a single motor mechanism is employed for operating the plurality of figures F' and F², both being moved continuously in annular and preferably circular or 95 bits, the said figures being so operated or controlled as to prevent colliding action by the two figures at the intersection I of the annular tracks or paths P' and P². This operation takes place cyclically and in the con- 100 struction exemplified the train figure makes two revolutions for each revolution of the vehicle figure and the movements are so timed as to permit the non-interrupting or non-colliding operation of the toy in any de- 105 sired manner. The gate G is operated by the movement of the vehicle figure and normally is in lowered condition so as to simulate the production of a "stop" signal, and the said gate is moved to the elevated posi-110 tion when the traffic conditions are apparently "clear", this gate device being operated to the elevated position by movement of the figure F² itself.

It will be further apparent that while I 115 have shown my invention in the preferred form many changes and modifications may be made in the structure disclosed without departing from the spirit of the invention

defined in the following claims.

I claim:

1. In an amusement device, a platform support provided with a plurality of separate endless paths or tracks having a given intersecting region, a plurality of figures one movable in each of said circular paths, and mechanism for propelling or operating said figures cyclically in said paths and through said intersecting region, said mechanism connecting said figures and operative to

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cause the figures to move through said inter- movement of train and vehicle at an intersecting region in succession and without col-

liding movement.

2. In an amusement device, a platform 5 support provided with a plurality of separate endless paths or tracks having a given intersecting region, a plurality of figures one movable in each of said endless paths, and a common motor mechanism connected to said 10 figures for propelling or operating the same cyclically in said paths and through said intersecting region without colliding movement.

3. In an amusement device, a platform 15 support provided with a plurality of separate endless channels defining paths or tracks having a given intersecting region, a plurality of toy figures one movable in each of said endless paths, and motor mechanism ²⁰ for propelling or operating said toy figures cyclically in said paths and through said intersecting region without colliding movement, said motor mechanism including elements arranged beneath said platform connected to said movable figures through said channels and movable in and about said channels.

4. In an amusement device, a plurality of figures movable in predetermined separate endless paths having a given intersection, and a common motor mechanism for propelling the plurality of said figures cyclically in said paths and through said intersec-

tion without colliding movement.

5. In an amusement device, a support including a platform having an outer section and two inner disc sections all spaced to define two annular channels having a given intersecting region, a figure movable in each of said channels and mechanism for propelling or operating said figures cyclically in said channels and through said intersecting region with passing and non-colliding movement.

6. In an amusement device, a support including a platform having an outer section and two inner disc sections all spaced to define two annular channels having a given intersecting region, a toy figure movable in each of said channels, one of said figures representing a train of cars and the other of said figures representing a motor vehicle, both simulating the movement of train and vehicle at an intersecting crossing, and a common motor mechanism for propelling or operating said figures cyclically in said channels and through said intersecting region with passing and non-colliding movement.

7. In an amusement device, a plurality of figures movable in predetermined separate circular paths having a given intersection, one of said figures representing a train of cars and the other of said figures representsecting crossing, and a common motor mechanism for propelling said figures cyclically in said paths and through said intersection without colliding movement.

8. In an amusement device, a support including a platform having an outer section and two inner disc sections all spaced to define two annular channels having a given intersecting region, a figure movable cycli- 75 cally in each of said channels, and motor mechanism for propelling or operating said figures cyclically in said channels and through said intersecting region with passing and non-colliding movement, said motor 80 mechanism including a motor supported on one of said disc sections, gear mechanism arranged within said platform and connected to said motor and elements connecting said figures with said gear mechanism.

9. In an amusement device, a platform support provided with a plurality of separate endless paths or tracks having a given intersecting region, a plurality of figures one movable in each of said endless paths, 90 and mechanism for propelling or operating said figures cyclically at different rates of speed in said paths and through said intersecting region, said mechanism connecting said figures and operative to cause the figures to move through said intersecting region in succession and without colliding

movement.

10. In an amusement device, a support including a platform having an outer section 100 and two inner disc sections all spaced to define two annular channels having a given intersecting region, a toy figure movable in each of said channels, one of said figures representing a train of cars and the other 105 of said figures representing a motor vehicle, both simulating the movement of train and vehicle at an intersecting crossing, and a common motor mechanism for propelling or operating said figures cyclically in said channels and through said intersecting region with passing and non-colliding move-ment, said mechanism being operative to propel said train of cars at a higher rate of speed than said motor vehicle.

11. In an amusement device, a support including a platform having an outer section and two inner disc sections all spaced to define two annular channels having a given intersecting region, a figure movable cyclically in each of said channels, one of said figures representing a train of cars and the other of said figures representing a motor vehicle, both simulating the movement of train and vehicle at an intersecting crossing, and motor mechanism for propelling or operating said figures cyclically in said channels and through said intersecting region with passing and non-colliding moveing a motor vehicle, both simulating the ment, said motor mechanism including a mo-

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tor supported on one of said disc sections, gear mechanism arranged within said platform and connected to said motor and elements connecting said figures with said gear mechanism, said gear mechanism being such that the train of cars is propelled at a rate of speed higher than that of the vehicle.

12. In an amusement device, a support including a platform having an outer section and two inner disc sections all spaced to define two annular channels having a given intersecting region, a simulated suspension

bridge structure supporting one disc section on the outer section at one end of the support, a simulated tunnel supporting the 15 other disc section on the outer section at the other end of the support, a figure movable cyclically in each of said channels and motor mechanism for operating said figures.

Signed at New York, in the county of 20 New York and State of New York, this 13th

day of April, A. D. 1927.

LOUIS MARX.